

ANNEX 2. OVERVIEW OF GENDER ISSUES IN STANDARD HOUSEHOLD SURVEYS

The following tables look at how to insert and modify survey modules to integrate gender issues in a standard household survey:

TABLE KEY

- Basic baseline information: red cells
- Typical module with gender-disaggregated info ALWAYS collected: purple cells
- Gender-disaggregated info SOMETIMES collected: green cells
- Specialized module with gender-disaggregated info ALWAYS collected: blue cells

TABLE A.1. BASIC AND EXTENDED QUESTIONNAIRE DESIGN OF SOCIO-ECONOMIC MODULES

Module	Basic?	Gender-disaggregated information?	About which hh member?
Roster—very important, since all Ids in subsequent modules will come from here	Yes	Yes	All
Education of head and household members	Yes	Yes	All
Nonfood consumption	Depends on focus of survey, but ideal	Partly (clothing, footwear)	All (typically collected at hh level)
Food consumption		No (but see section on nutrition modules)	All (typically collected at hh level)

Source: Quisumbing (2006)

TABLE A.2. CONTENTS OF A HOUSEHOLD ROSTER

ID	Name	Sex	Age	Relationship to household head	Marital Status	Education	Main occupation
1							
2							

3							
4							
5							

Source: Quisumbing (2006)

TABLE A.3. SOCIO-ECONOMIC MODULES

Module	Basic?	Gender-disaggregated information?	Which household member?
Land area and crops grown	Yes	Yes	ID of person who manages the plot ID of plot owner, if different from manager
Major Crop Production	Yes, if ag survey	Yes	ID of plot manager (household member)
Agricultural Wage Labor	Possibly	Yes	ID of laborer
Other Income	Possibly	Yes	ID of people with other incomes, businesses, ID of people sending and receiving remittances
Assets	Ideally	Yes	ID of asset owner
Group Membership	Ideally	Yes	ID of group member
Savings	Possible	Yes	ID of account owner
Credit and Lending	Ideally	Yes	ID of borrower

Source: Quisumbing (2006)

TABLE A.4. ADDITIONAL CONSUMPTION, HEALTH AND NUTRITION MODULES

Module	Baseline?	Gender-disaggregated?	Which household member?
24-hour individual food recall	Depends on purpose of survey	Yes	All
Dietary diversity	Depends on purpose of survey	Yes	All
Reproductive health	Depends on purpose of survey	Yes	Women
Anthropometry and morbidity	Ideally	Yes	All

Source: Quisumbing (2006)

Note: Some of these indicators are more expensive to collect (e.g. 24-hour individual food recall) and will require highly trained enumerators. Sometimes a good dietary diversity survey will do the trick.

TABLE A.5. ADDITIONAL GENDER RELATED MODULES

Module	Baseline?	Gender-disaggregated?	Which household member?
Labor use and time use by gender	Yes	Yes	Main male and female, could also include children depending on focus
Domains of decisionmaking authority, especially about assets	Yes	Yes	Main male and female
Control of cash income and use of income	Yes	Yes	Main male and female

Level of gender-related conflict and violence	Ideally	Typically only woman is asked	Main woman
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Source: Quisumbing (2006)

Note: In fielding questions about domestic violence it is important to have trained enumerators with knowledge about services available and to protect the privacy of respondents and not subject them to greater risk.